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Single

Abstract

I'm a PhD student in applied economics at the University of Hassan 1St, I'm a member team project of Tuning Africa, and also involved in the second Tuning Africa project with the professor Abdouni, I'm invited by the Tuning Academy to present my paperwork at the 4th Meeting in Johannesburg (South Africa) next month. I'm member in a research team on higher education graduates' employability of the University Hassan 1St, I conducted research on auto-assessment of institutions afield to the university. I presented paper at an international conferences related to my PhD researches. I hold a Master in Economic expertise from Hassan 1St (Morocco). I'm currently teaching Microeconomics for undergraduate students at the University Ibn Zohr (Morocco). My doctoral research interest focuses on Macroeconomics policies, labour market and growth, fiscal policy in developing countries.

Education

University of Hassan 1st. Morocco. Ph.D. Student in Economics. Since 2013-present.

University of Hassan 1St. Morocco. M.S. in Economics Expertise. University of Hassan 1St. 2010-2013.

University IBN ZOHR Agadir. Diploma in Advanced Studies in Economics. 2004-2008.

B.S. in Quantitative techniques. 2001-2004.

PhD Research Thesis

- **Thesis Title:** "Fiscal policy in developing countries: Empirical investigation" Expected completion date: the end of 2018.

Abstract

This thesis reviews different aspects of fiscal policy in developing countries' context. Although the theoretical and empirical literature which are mostly conducted in the context of advanced economies, there remains uncertainty about the size of fiscal multipliers and even the direction of the effects of fiscal policy at different times. The effects of fiscal policy on the economy are often the key point of debate between two theoretical views, neoclassical theory and new Keynesian theory. This literature frequently omits the political and institutional factors. As a consequence, the rigorous empirical evidence seems the normative justification to avoid the theoretical debate. This thesis attempts to address these omissions through constructing an alternative approach that will help fill the knowledge gaps in the case of developing countries. There are three fundamental questions that I try to solve and discuss: What are the fundamental interactions between fiscal policy and the economic growth? What do we learn about fiscal policy research so far from the advanced and developing countries? What are the scientific methods which improve the understanding of fiscal and growth interactions? The main contributions follow as first, I propose to integrate the political and institutional factors in the estimation of fiscal multipliers, by applying a Panel Structural Vector Autoregression model to identify fiscal shocks, finally, I investigate the link between public debt and economic growth through semiparametric and nonparametric models.

References :

1. **Prof. Abdouni Abdeljabbar (Supervisor):**
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2. **Prof. Khalid Louizi:**
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4. **Prof. Jean-yves Moisson:**
Economis at CR1-IRD/HDR.
Director of Collège International des Sciences du Territoire, (<http://www.gis-cist.fr/>).
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5. **Prof. Jekki Hicham:**
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Research Fields

- Primary fields: Evaluation of the economic impacts using the structural VAR models; Theoretical and Applied Econometrics, Macroeconometrics.
- Secondary fields: Applied Macroeconomics, Applied Finance; Econometrics of Panel Data (Application Eviews, Stata); Factor analysis of variables multiple correspondence analysis; Econometrics of Qualitative Variables (Application Eviews).

Research Experience and Other Employment

- April 2013-July 2016: Research Assistant. Study Higher Graduates insertion, promotions (2009/2010, 2010/2011, 2011/2012 and 2012/2013). University Hassan 1st, Settat. Morocco.
- Jun 2015-2016: Research Assistant. Study Auto-evaluation of structures in the university Hassan 1st.
- February 2013: Research Assistant in the realization of the study "financial inclusion in crisis" in Morocco, supervised by Institut de Recherche et Développement, funded by the European Investment Bank. Under the guidance of professors, Mr. Jean-Yves Moisseron and Mr. Jean-Michel Servet (jeanmichel.servet@graduateinstitute.ch), <http://www.microfinance-in-crisis.org>.
- Sept 2012: Internship, Ministry of economy and finance Morocco. (Research on the impact of fiscal policy on the Moroccan economic growth: structural VAR approach).
- Aug 2008-2010 Nov: Back office. Control of banking, treatment and monitoring of a customer base, asset management, financial advice. (Crédit Du Maroc).

Publications and Conference Presentations

- (05 April 2017): "Exploring Competencies and wages for Higher Education Graduates: Evidence from Moroccan University" Presented at the 4th General Meeting of the EU Tuning Africa Initiative, held in Johannesburg, South Africa.
- (2015): "Dynamics of the professional insertion of the higher graduates of the University Hassan 1st Settat, comparative cohort study (2008-2015)" Study Report (2015) in collaboration with the National Authority for Assessment, Morocco.
- (June 2015): "Fiscal multipliers in developing countries: Review of the recent literature". This article was presented at the International Conference Sustainable Development in Conditions of Economic Instability 4th edition, BUCAREST PUBLISHING Cibernetica MC (June 2015) ISBN 978-606-8288-18-5. (<http://conferinta.academiacomerciala.ro/CD2015/ARTICOLE/2/FISCAL%20MULTIPLIERS%20IN%20DEVRECENT%20LITERATUREAbaida.pdf>).

Abstract: This paper reviews the theoretical and empirical literature on the fiscal multipliers. The focus is on the size of the multipliers, a fundamental question on the variety values of multipliers can be considered problematic of the different methods used to evaluate them for the case of developing countries (in particularly Structural VAR method). This is done by, first, defining the concept of the multiplier used and presenting the main theoretical approach applied for the developing countries. Second, by viewing the recent evidence from the recent empirical studies reported on the measure of fiscal multipliers.

- (2015): "Fiscal policy and economic growth in Morocco: SVAR approach" at the 6th International Research Meeting in Business and Management (IRMBAM-2015) in Nice, France.

Abstract: The aim of this research is to explore whether the exercise of fiscal policy has real effects on the economy of Morocco. Unlike the vast empirical literature on the effects of monetary policy, fiscal policy, until recently, received less attention from economists. Whilst there is an overall consensus on the effects of monetary policy, the argument that fiscal policy is an effective tool of economic policy is not unanimity among economists. Blanchard and Perotti (2002), has reignited the debate about the effectiveness of fiscal policy by providing an evaluation of the dynamic effects on macroeconomic variables, especially production, from a model type structural Vector autoregression. We use SVAR models which are widely used in researches. We will draw inspiration from this methodology to evaluate and measure the fiscal multiplier effect on the economic activity in Morocco. This study has established the fundamental difference between the effects of shocks to government spending and taxes on economic growth in the short. According to the results, the multiplier effect of government spending shocks on the Moroccan real GDP is negative and close to zero. Alternatively, the public taxes have a positive impact on GDP and they are less than unity. Therefore, any fiscal stimulus that comes from spending may be inefficient, with fewer benefits in terms of production, with potential long-term costs because of the burden of public debt.

Working in Progress

1. *Work paper:* "Exploring competencies and wages for higher education graduates: Evidence from Moroccan University".
2. *Work paper:* "Fiscal multipliers and economic growth of developing countries: Nonparametric models".

Teaching

1. Macro and Micro economics, Statistics.

Last update: *April 12, 2017*.